

# 50 Common Crypto Terms Every Beginner Should Know



## Core Crypto Concepts

- Altcoin** – Any cryptocurrency other than Bitcoin.
- Bitcoin (BTC)** – The first and most widely used cryptocurrency.
- Blockchain** – A decentralized digital ledger that records transactions.
- Cryptocurrency** – Digital money that uses cryptography for security.
- Decentralization** – A system not controlled by one central authority.
- Token** – A digital asset created on an existing blockchain.
- Smart Contract** – Self-executing contracts with terms written into code.
- Fork** – A change to a blockchain protocol (e.g., Bitcoin Cash split from Bitcoin).
- Gas Fee** – A small fee required to process transactions on networks like Ethereum.
- Proof of Work (PoW)** – A consensus mechanism used by Bitcoin for validation.
- Proof of Stake (PoS)** – A newer consensus mechanism using staking.

## Wallets & Security

- Hot Wallet** – A crypto wallet connected to the internet (e.g., MetaMask).
- Cold Wallet** – An offline wallet (hardware or paper) for secure storage.
- Private Key** – A secret code that allows access to your crypto funds.
- Public Key** – An address where people can send you crypto.
- Seed Phrase** – A set of words to recover your wallet if lost.
- Multi-Signature (Multi-Sig)** – A wallet requiring multiple keys for transactions.
- 2FA (Two-Factor Authentication)** – A security step requiring two verification methods.
- Hardware Wallet** – A physical device (e.g., Ledger, Trezor) for cold storage.
- Paper Wallet** – A printed form of your keys for offline security.

## Trading & Investing

- Exchange** – A platform to buy, sell, or trade cryptocurrencies.
- Centralized Exchange (CEX)** – Exchange run by a company (e.g., Coinbase).
- Decentralized Exchange (DEX)** – Peer-to-peer exchange (e.g., Uniswap).
- Spot Trading** – Buying or selling crypto for immediate delivery.
- Futures Trading** – Contracts to buy/sell crypto at a future date.
- Margin Trading** – Trading with borrowed funds (higher risk).
- Market Order** – Buying/selling crypto at the current price.
- Limit Order** – Setting a price at which you want to buy/sell.
- Liquidity** – How easily a crypto can be bought or sold.
- Volatility** – Price fluctuation level of a cryptocurrency.
- Market Cap** – The total value of a crypto (price x circulating supply).
- Bear Market** – A period of declining prices.
- Bull Market** – A period of rising prices.
- Whale** – Someone holding large amounts of crypto.
- Dollar-Cost Averaging (DCA)** – Buying crypto in small amounts over time.
- Stop-Loss Order** – An order to sell crypto at a certain price to avoid loss.

## DeFi & Web

**DeFi (Decentralized Finance)** – Financial services without banks.

**Yield Farming** – Earning rewards by lending/staking crypto.

**Liquidity Pool** – A collection of crypto used for decentralized trading.

**APY (Annual Percentage Yield)** – Earnings from staking or lending over a year.

**Staking** – Locking up crypto to help secure a network and earn rewards.

**DAO (Decentralized Autonomous Org)** – Community-run organizations on the blockchain.

**NFT (Non-Fungible Token)** – Unique digital assets (e.g., art, collectibles).

**Metaverse** – A virtual universe powered by blockchain and crypto.

**Web3** – The next phase of the internet, built on decentralized tech.

## Slang & Culture

**FOMO (Fear of Missing Out)** – Buying due to hype or fear of missing profit.

**FUD (Fear, Uncertainty, Doubt)** – Negative news or rumors affecting markets.

**HODL** – Slang for “hold,” meaning to keep crypto long-term.

**Shill** – Aggressively promoting a crypto, often for profit.

**Moon / Mooning** – When a crypto’s price skyrockets.